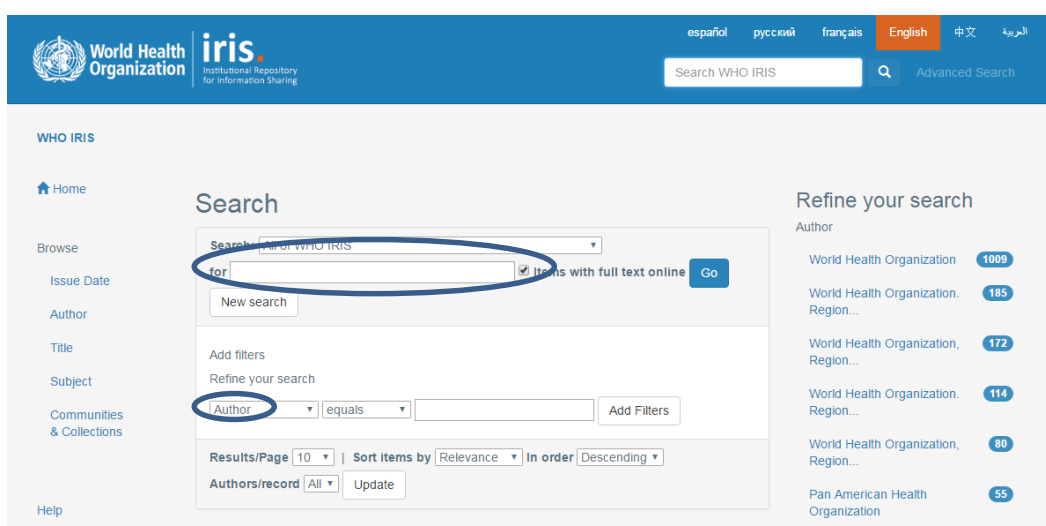


کتابخانه سازمان بهداشت جهانی WHO کتابخانه پیشرو جهانی در بهاشت عمومی است. این کتابخانه دسترسی به دانش WHO همین طور دیگر منابع از تولیدات علمی دنیا را فراهم می آورد. منابع و تخصص های کتابخانه WHO همچنین شواهد علمی و دانش برای کشورهای کم درآمد و با درآمد متوسط از طریق یک مجموعه ابتکارات با قیمت پایین و استفاده بالا فراهم می آورد.

انبار نهادی اشتراک اطلاعات (IRIS) کتابخانه دیجیتال مواد منتشر شده WHO و اطلاعات فنی به صورت دسترسی کامل از سال ۱۹۸۴ است. محتوای آن به صورت رایگان و در ۶ زبان رسمی (عربی، چینی، انگلیسی، فرانسوی، روسی و اسپانیایی) دسترس پذیر است.

## ۱. جستجو

در کادر جستجو کلید وازه مورد نظر را وارد می کنیم.



The screenshot shows the WHO IRIS search interface. At the top, there are language options: español, русский, français, English, 中文, العربية. The search bar is labeled "Search WHO IRIS" and has a "Go" button. Below the search bar, there is a "Search" section with a "Search for" dropdown menu and a "Go" button. The "Refine your search" section is visible on the right, with a list of authors and their item counts. The "Author" filter is selected and highlighted with a blue oval. The "Refine your search" section shows a list of authors with their respective item counts:

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World Health Organization, Region...	185
World Health Organization, Region...	172
World Health Organization, Region...	114
World Health Organization, Region...	80
Pan American Health Organization	55

با استفاده از گزینه ها قسمت Add filter می توان جستجو را محدود کرد.

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Item hits:

**Water-borne diseases and extreme weather events in Cambodia: review of impacts and implications of climate change**  
 Kim, Yoonhee; Iddings, Steven; Davies, Grace I; Chan, Vibol; Hashizume, Masahiro; McIver, Lachlan (2014-12-23)

**Abstract** Cambodia is prone to extreme weather events, especially floods, droughts and typhoons. Climate change is predicted to increase the frequency and intensity of such events. The Cambodian population is highly vulnerable to the impacts of these events due to poverty; malnutrition; agricultural dependence; settlements in flood-prone areas, and public health, governance and technological limitations. Yet little is known about the health impacts of extreme weather events in Cambodia. Given the extremely low adaptive capacity of the population, this is a crucial knowledge gap. A literature review of the health impacts of floods, droughts and typhoons in Cambodia was conducted, with regional and global information reviewed where Cambodia-specific literature was lacking. Water-borne diseases are of particular concern in Cambodia, in the face of extreme weather events and climate change, due to, inter alia, a high pre-existing burden of diseases such as diarrhoeal illness and a lack of improved sanitation infrastructure in rural areas. A time-series analysis under quasi-Poisson distribution was used to evaluate the association between floods and diarrhoeal disease incidence in Cambodian children between 2001 and 2012 in 16 Cambodian provinces. Floods were significantly associated with increased diarrhoeal disease in two provinces, while the analysis conducted suggested a possible protective effect from toilets and piped water.

Subject: World Health Organization (204), Health Policy (153), Health Planning (133), National Health Programs (129), Malaria (104), Environmental Health (102), Regional Health Planning (94), Risk assessment (92)

با انتخاب هر کدام از نتایج این اطلاعات نمایش داده می شود:

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**Title:** Authors: Kim, Yoonhee; Iddings, Steven; Davies, Grace I; Chan, Vibol; Hashizume, Masahiro; McIver, Lachlan

**Subject:** Issue Date: 23-Dec-2014

**Communities & Collections:** Relation: International journal of environmental research and public health 1 12

**Help:** Language: English

**Related links:** Abstract: Cambodia is prone to extreme weather events, especially floods, droughts and typhoons. Climate change is predicted to increase the frequency and intensity of such events. The Cambodian population is highly vulnerable to the impacts of these events due to poverty; malnutrition; agricultural dependence; settlements in flood-prone areas, and public health, governance and technological limitations. Yet little is known about the health impacts of extreme weather events in Cambodia. Given the extremely low adaptive capacity of the population, this is a crucial knowledge gap. A literature review of the health impacts of floods, droughts and typhoons in Cambodia was conducted, with regional and global information reviewed where Cambodia-specific literature was lacking. Water-borne diseases are of particular concern in Cambodia, in the face of extreme weather events and climate change, due to, inter alia, a high pre-existing burden of diseases such as diarrhoeal illness and a lack of improved sanitation infrastructure in rural areas. A time-series analysis under quasi-Poisson distribution was used to evaluate the association between floods and diarrhoeal disease incidence in Cambodian children between 2001 and 2012 in 16 Cambodian provinces. Floods were significantly associated with increased diarrhoeal disease in two provinces, while the analysis conducted suggested a possible protective effect from toilets and piped water. Addressing the specific, local pre-existing vulnerabilities is vital to promoting population health resilience and strengthening adaptive capacity to extreme weather events and climate change in Cambodia.

**PAHO IRIS**

**WPRO IRIS**

**Description:** Journal Article

**DOI:** 10.3390/ijerph120100191

**PMID:** 25548280

**URI:** <http://europepmc.org/abstract/MED/25548280>  
<http://www.who.int/iris/handle/10965/243425>

**Appears in Collections:** Journal Articles published externally

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Total													5

Overall of views of Journal Articles published externally

می توان بازه زمانی ارائه این اطلاعات را تعیین کرد.

در این صفحه مدارکی که بیشترین تعداد بازدید را داشته اند به ترتیب نمایش داده می شود .

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Relation: International journal of environmental research and public health  
1  
12

Language: English

Abstract: Cambodia is prone to extreme weather events, especially floods, droughts and typhoons. Climate change is predicted to increase the frequency and intensity of such events. The Cambodian population is highly vulnerable to the impacts of these events due to poverty; malnutrition; agricultural dependence; settlements in flood-prone areas, and public health, governance and technological limitations. Yet little is known about the health impacts of extreme weather events in Cambodia. Given the extremely low adaptive capacity of the population, this is a crucial knowledge gap. A literature review of the health impacts of floods, droughts and typhoons in Cambodia was conducted, with regional and global information reviewed where Cambodia-specific literature was lacking. Water-borne diseases are of particular concern in Cambodia, in the face of extreme weather events and climate change, due to, inter alia, a high pre-existing burden of diseases such as diarrhoeal illness and a lack of improved sanitation infrastructure in rural areas. A time-series analysis under quasi-Poisson distribution was used to evaluate the association between floods and diarrhoeal disease incidence in Cambodian children between 2001 and 2012 in 16 Cambodian provinces. Floods were significantly associated with increased diarrhoeal disease in two provinces, while the analysis conducted suggested a possible protective effect from toilets and piped water. Addressing the specific, local pre-existing vulnerabilities is vital to promoting population health resilience and strengthening adaptive capacity to extreme weather events and climate change in Cambodia.

Description: Journal Article

DOI: 10.3390/ijerph120100191

PMID: 25546280

URI: <http://europepmc.org/abstract/MED/25546280>  
<http://www.who.int/iris/handle/10665/243425>

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Water-borne diseases and extreme weather events in Cambodia: review of impacts and implications of climate change.  
(PMID:25546280 PMCID:PMC4306857)

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[Davies GJ](#), [McIver L](#), [Kim Y](#), [Hashizume M](#), [Iddings S](#), [Chan V](#)  
Faculty of Medicine, Nursing and Health Sciences, Monash University, Melbourne, Victoria 3800, Australia.  
gidav2@student.monash.edu.  
[International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health](#) [2015, 12(1):191-213]

Type: Journal Article  
DOI: 10.3390/ijerph120100191

Abstract

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Files in This Item:

File	Description	Size	Format
 E83004.pdf		2.48 MB	Adobe PDF

Title: Extreme weather and climate events and public health responses : report on a WHO meeting, Bratislava, Slovakia 09-10 February 2004

Authors: World Health Organization. Regional Office for Europe

Issue Date: 2004

Publisher: Copenhagen : WHO Regional Office for Europe

Language: English

Description: EUR/04/5036794

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Voyage towards health  
World Health Organization, Regional Office for South-East Asia ( 200 )

 Polio Bulletin - 2016, Issue no. 08 (Week 15)  
World Health Organization. Regional Office for the Western Pacific ( 12/04/2016 )

تاریخ مورد نظر را انتخاب می کنیم مدارک منتشر شده در آن بازه زمانی نمایش داده می شود.

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Auger, Jacques	1
Augusto, Gerito	1
Augusto, Orvalho J	1
Augustynowicz-Kopeć, Ewa	1
Aujaleu, Eugène Jean	5

لیست الفبایی نام نویسندگان و امکان جستجوی نام نویسنده خاصی را فراهم می آورد. با انتخاب هر نویسنده مدارک آن نمایش داده می شود.

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世界卫生大会 68 (2013)

ترتیب الفبایی عناوین مدارک و امکان جستجو با عنوان را ارائه می دهد.

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1-Naphthylamine	<b>1</b>
1-Propanol	<b>2</b>
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid	<b>5</b>
3 by 5 Initiatives	<b>2</b>
3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine	<b>6</b>
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	<b>1</b>
4-Butyrolactone	<b>1</b>
4-Hydroxycoumarins	<b>3</b>

تقسیم بندی موضوعی مدارک، ترتیب الفبایی و جستجوی موضوعات را امکان پذیر می کند.

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- Regional Office for Europe
- Regional Office for South-East Asia
- Regional Office for the Americas
- Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean
- Regional Office for the Western Pacific
- WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC)

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